**Description**

The PT4140 power modules are a series of isolated DC/DC converters housed in a low-profile package. Rated for 20 watts or 5A, the series includes standard output voltages ranging from as low as 1.5VDC to 15VDC. The output may be adjusted up to ±10% of nominal. These converters are ideal for Telecom, Industrial, Computer, and other distributed power applications that require input-to-output isolation.

Using multiple PT4140 modules, system designers can implement a complete custom power supply solution. The flexibility of full isolation also allows the input or output to be configured for negative voltage operation.

The PT4140 series requires no additional components for proper operation.

**Features**

- Input Voltage Range: 18V to 40V
- 20W Rated
- 82% Efficiency
- 1500 VDC Isolation
- Low Profile (8.5 mm)
- Small Footprint: 1.52in x 1.73in
- Remote On/Off
- Short Circuit Protection
- Over Temperature Shutdown
- Under-Voltage Lockout
- UL1950 Recognized
- CSA 22.2 950 Certified
- EN60950 Approved
- 4x10^6 Hrs MTBF

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- UL1950 Recognized
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- EN60950 Approved
- 4x10^6 Hrs MTBF
# PT4140 Series

## 20-W 24-V Input Isolated DC/DC Converter

### Specifications

(Unless otherwise stated, $T_a = 25°C$, $V_{in} = 24V$, $C_{out} = 0µF$, and $I_o = I_{omax}$)

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Characteristic</th>
<th>Symbol</th>
<th>Conditions</th>
<th>Min</th>
<th>Typ</th>
<th>Max</th>
<th>Units</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Output Current</td>
<td>$I_o$</td>
<td>Over $V_{in}$ range</td>
<td>$V_o = 15V$</td>
<td>0.1 (1)</td>
<td>—</td>
<td>1.3 A</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>$V_o = 12V$</td>
<td>0.1 (1)</td>
<td>—</td>
<td>1.6 A</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>$V_o = 5.0V$</td>
<td>0.1 (1)</td>
<td>—</td>
<td>4.0 A</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>$V_o = 3.3V$</td>
<td>0.1 (1)</td>
<td>—</td>
<td>5.0 A</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Input Voltage Range</td>
<td>$V_{in}$</td>
<td>Over $I_o$ range</td>
<td>—</td>
<td>—</td>
<td>—</td>
<td>—</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Set Point Voltage Tolerance</td>
<td>$V_{o}$</td>
<td>$V_o = 5.0V$</td>
<td>—</td>
<td>±1</td>
<td>±1.5 %$V_o$</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>$V_o = 3.3V$</td>
<td>—</td>
<td>—</td>
<td>±50 mV</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Temperature Variation</td>
<td>$R_{temp}$</td>
<td>$-40° \leq T_a \leq +85°C$</td>
<td>—</td>
<td>—</td>
<td>±0.5 %$V_o$</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Line Regulation</td>
<td>$R_{line}$</td>
<td>Over $V_{o}$ range</td>
<td>$V_o = 5.0V$</td>
<td>—</td>
<td>±0.2</td>
<td>±1.0 %$V_o$</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>$V_o = 3.3V$</td>
<td>—</td>
<td>±7</td>
<td>±33 mV</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Load Regulation</td>
<td>$R_{load}$</td>
<td>Over $I_o$ range</td>
<td>$V_o = 5.0V$</td>
<td>—</td>
<td>±0.4</td>
<td>±1.0 %$V_o$</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>$V_o = 3.3V$</td>
<td>—</td>
<td>±13</td>
<td>±33 mV</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Total Output Voltage Variation</td>
<td>$\Delta V_{tot}$</td>
<td>Includes set-point, line load, $-40° \leq T_a \leq +85°C$</td>
<td>$V_o = 5.0V$</td>
<td>—</td>
<td>±2</td>
<td>— %$V_o$</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Efficiency</td>
<td>$\eta$</td>
<td>—</td>
<td>$V_o = 15V$</td>
<td>86</td>
<td>—</td>
<td>—</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>—</td>
<td>$V_o = 12V$</td>
<td>83</td>
<td>—</td>
<td>—</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>—</td>
<td>$V_o = 5.0V$</td>
<td>82</td>
<td>—</td>
<td>—</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>—</td>
<td>$V_o = 3.3V$</td>
<td>78</td>
<td>—</td>
<td>—</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>—</td>
<td>$V_o = 1.8V$</td>
<td>67</td>
<td>—</td>
<td>—</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>$V_o$ Ripple (pk-pk)</td>
<td>$V_r$</td>
<td>20MHz bandwidth</td>
<td>$V_o = 5.0V$</td>
<td>0.5</td>
<td>—</td>
<td>— %$V_o$</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>$V_o = 3.3V$</td>
<td>—</td>
<td>15</td>
<td>—</td>
<td>mVpp</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Transient Response</td>
<td>$t_{tr}$</td>
<td>$0.1A/µs$, load step 50% to 100% $I_{omax}$</td>
<td>$V_o = 5.0V$</td>
<td>—</td>
<td>100</td>
<td>— µs</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>$\Delta V_{tr}$</td>
<td>$V_o$ over/undershoot</td>
<td>$V_o = 5.0V$</td>
<td>—</td>
<td>±1</td>
<td>— %$V_o$</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>$V_o = 3.3V$</td>
<td>—</td>
<td>±150</td>
<td>—</td>
<td>mV</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Short Circuit Current</td>
<td>$I_{sc}$</td>
<td>—</td>
<td>—</td>
<td>2x$I_{omax}$</td>
<td>—</td>
<td>— A</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Switching Frequency</td>
<td>$f_s$</td>
<td>Over $V_{in}$ range</td>
<td>$V_o \geq 12.0V$</td>
<td>600</td>
<td>—</td>
<td>— kHz</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>$V_o \leq 5.0V$</td>
<td>800</td>
<td>850</td>
<td>900</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Under-Voltage Lockout</td>
<td>UVLO</td>
<td>—</td>
<td>—</td>
<td>15</td>
<td>—</td>
<td>— V</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Remote On/Off (Pin 1)</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Input High Voltage</td>
<td>$V_{HIL}$</td>
<td>—</td>
<td>2.5</td>
<td>—</td>
<td>7.0 (2) V</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Input Low Voltage</td>
<td>$V_{IL}$</td>
<td>—</td>
<td>-0.2</td>
<td>—</td>
<td>0.8 V</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Input Low Current</td>
<td>$I_{IL}$</td>
<td>—</td>
<td>—</td>
<td>-10</td>
<td>—</td>
<td>µA</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Standby Input Current</td>
<td>$I_{in}$</td>
<td>standby pins 1 &amp; 2 connected</td>
<td>—</td>
<td>7</td>
<td>50</td>
<td>mA</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Internal Input Capacitance</td>
<td>$C_{in}$</td>
<td>—</td>
<td>—</td>
<td>1.0</td>
<td>—</td>
<td>pF</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>External Output Capacitance</td>
<td>$C_{out}$</td>
<td>Between $V_{o}$ and $-V_{o}$</td>
<td>—</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>200</td>
<td>µF</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Isolation Voltage</td>
<td>—</td>
<td>Input to output</td>
<td>—</td>
<td>1500</td>
<td>—</td>
<td>V</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Capacitance</td>
<td>—</td>
<td>1100</td>
<td>—</td>
<td>pF</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Resistance</td>
<td>—</td>
<td>10</td>
<td>—</td>
<td>MΩ</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Operating Temperature Range</td>
<td>$T_a$</td>
<td>Over $V_{in}$ range</td>
<td>—</td>
<td>-40</td>
<td>—</td>
<td>85 (3) °C</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Storage Temperature</td>
<td>$T_s$</td>
<td>—</td>
<td>—</td>
<td>-40</td>
<td>—</td>
<td>125 °C</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Reliability</td>
<td>MTBF</td>
<td>Per Bellcore TR-332 50% stress, $T_a = 40°C$, ground benign</td>
<td>—</td>
<td>4.0</td>
<td>—</td>
<td>106 Hrs</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Mechanical Shock</td>
<td>—</td>
<td>Per Mil-S-883D, method 2002.3, 11ms, half-sine, mounted to a fixture</td>
<td>—</td>
<td>—</td>
<td>500</td>
<td>G’s</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Weight</td>
<td>—</td>
<td>—</td>
<td>23</td>
<td>—</td>
<td>grams</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Flammability</td>
<td>—</td>
<td>Materials meet UL 94V-0</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Notes:**
1. The DC/DC converter will operate at no load with reduced specifications.
2. The Remote On/Off (pin 1) has an internal pull-up, and if it is left open circuit the module will operate when input power is applied. Refer to the application notes for interface considerations.
3. See Safe Operating Area curves or contact the factory for the appropriate derating.
PT4140 Series

20-W 24-V Input Isolated DC/DC Converter

PT4141, 3.3 VDC (See Note A)

PT4142, 5.0 VDC (See Note A)

PT4143, 12.0 VDC (See Note A)

Note A: Characteristic data has been developed from actual products tested at 25°C. This data is considered typical data for the Converter.

Note B: SOA curves represent the conditions at which internal components are at or below the manufacturer’s maximum operating temperatures.
Using the Remote On/Off Function on the PT4120/PT4140 Series of Isolated DC/DC Converters

For applications requiring output voltage on/off control, the PT4120/4140 series of DC/DC converters incorporate a remote on/off function. This function may be used in applications that require battery conservation, power-up/shutdown sequencing, and/or to co-ordinate the power-up of the regulator for active in-rush current control. (See the related application note, AN21).

This function is provided by the Remote On/Off control, pin1. If pin 1 is left open-circuit, the converter provides a regulated output whenever a valid source voltage is applied between +Vin(pin 3), and –Vin (pin 2). Applying a low-level ground signal to pin 1 will disable the regulator output.

Table 1 provides details of the threshold requirements for the Remote On/Off pin. Figure 1 shows how a discrete MOSFET (Q1) may be referenced to the negative input voltage rail and used with this control input.

Table 1 Inhibit Control Thresholds

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Parameter</th>
<th>min</th>
<th>max</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Enable (VIN)</td>
<td>2.5V</td>
<td>(Open Circuit)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Disable (VIN)</td>
<td>-0.3V</td>
<td>0.8V</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Notes:
1. The on/off control uses -Vin (pin 2), the primary side of the converter as its ground reference. All voltages specified are with respect to -Vin.
2. The on/off control internal circuitry is a high impedance 10µA current source. The open-circuit voltage may be as high as 8.3Vdc.
3. The PT4120/40 series incorporates an “Under Voltage Lockout” (UVLO) function. This function automatically inhibits the converter output until there is sufficient input voltage for the converter to produce a regulated output. Table 2 gives the applicable UVLO thresholds.

Table 2 UVLO Thresholds

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Series</th>
<th>UVLO Threshold</th>
<th>Vin Range</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>PT4120</td>
<td>31V Typical</td>
<td>36 – 75V</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>PT4140</td>
<td>15V Typical</td>
<td>18 – 40V</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

4. The Remote On/Off input of the PT4120/40 series regulators must be controlled with an open-collector (or open-drain) discrete transistor or MOSFET. Do not use a pull-up resistor.
5. When the converter output is disabled, the current drawn from the input supply is typically reduced to 8mA (16mA maximum).

6. Keep the on/off transition to less than 1ms. This prevents erratic operation of the ISR, whereby the output voltage may drift un-regulated between 0V and the rated output during power-up.

Figure 1

Turn-On Time: The converter typically produces a fully regulated output voltage within 50ms after the application of power, or the removal of the low voltage signal from the Remote On/Off pin. The actual turn-on time will vary with the input voltage, output load, and the total amount of capacitance connected to the output. Using the circuit of Figure 1, Figure 2 shows the output voltage and input current waveforms of a PT4121 after Q1 is turned off. The turn off of Q1 corresponds to the drop in Q1 Vgs voltage. The waveforms were measured with a 48Vdc input voltage, and 2.75-A resistive load.

Figure 2
Adjusting the Output Voltage of the PT4120/PT4140 Series of Isolated DC/DC Converters

The factory pre-set output voltage of Power Trends’ PT4120 and PT4140 series of isolated DC/DC converters may be adjusted within ±10% of nominal. Adjustment is made from the secondary side of the regulator with a single external resistor. For the input voltage range specified in the data sheet Table 1 gives the allowable adjustment range for each model, as $V_o$ (min) and $V_o$ (max).

Adjust Up: An increase in the output voltage is obtained by adding a resistor, $R_2$ between pin 6 ($V_o$ adjust), and pin 4 ($-V_{out}$).

Adjust Down: Add a resistor ($R_1$), between pin 6 ($V_o$ adjust) and pin 5 ($+V_{out}$).

Refer to Figure 1 and Table 2 for both the placement and value of the required resistor, ($R_1$) or $R_2$.

Notes:
1. The PT4120 and PT4140 series of DC/DC converters incorporate isolation between the $V_{in}$ and $V_o$ terminals. Adjustment of the output voltage is made to the regulation circuit on the secondary or output side of the converter.

2. The maximum rated output power for this series is 20W. An increase in the output voltage may therefore require a corresponding reduction in the maximum output current (see Table 1). The revised maximum output current must be determined as follows:

$$I_o(max) = \frac{20}{V_o} \text{ A or 5A, whichever is less.}$$

Where $V_o$ is the adjusted output voltage.

3. Use only a single 1% resistor in either the ($R_1$) or $R_2$ location. Place the resistor as close to the ISR as possible.

4. Never connect capacitors to $V_o$ adjust. Any capacitance added to the $V_o$ adjust control pin will affect the stability of the ISR.

The values of ($R_1$) [adjust down], and $R_2$ [adjust up], can also be calculated using the following formulas.

$$R_1 = \frac{K_o(V_o - V_r)}{V_r(V_o - V_r)} - R_s \ \text{k} \Omega$$

$$R_2 = \frac{K_o}{(V_o - V_r)} - R_s \ \text{k} \Omega$$

Where $V_o = \text{Original output voltage}$
$V_a = \text{Adjusted output voltage}$
$V_r = \text{Reference voltage (Table 1)}$
$K_o = \text{Multiplier constant (Table 1)}$
$R_s = \text{Internal series resistance (Table 1)}$

Table 1

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>DC/DC CONVERTER ADJUSTMENT RANGE AND FORMULA PARAMETERS</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Series Pt #</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>48V Bus PT4126 PT4129 PT4127 PT4128 PT4121 PT4122 PT4125 PT4123 PT4124</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>24V Bus PT4146 PT4147 PT4148 PT4141 PT4142 PT4143 PT4144</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Max Current $^2$</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>$V_o$ (nom)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>$V_o$ (min)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>$V_o$ (max)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>$K_o$ (V·kΩ)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>$R_s$ (kΩ)</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

For technical support and more information, see inside back cover or visit www.ti.com
### Table 2
DC/DC CONVERTER SERIES ADJUSTMENT RESISTOR VALUES

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Series Pt #</th>
<th>48V Bus</th>
<th>24V Bus</th>
<th>12.0Vdc</th>
<th>15.0Vdc</th>
<th>5.0Vdc</th>
<th>12.0Vdc</th>
<th>15.0Vdc</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>PT4126</td>
<td>PT4127</td>
<td>PT4128</td>
<td>PT4121</td>
<td></td>
<td>PT4122</td>
<td>PT4123</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>V&lt;sub&gt;n&lt;/sub&gt;(nom)</td>
<td>1.5Vdc</td>
<td>1.8Vdc</td>
<td>2.5Vdc</td>
<td>3.3Vdc</td>
<td>5.0Vdc</td>
<td>12.0Vdc</td>
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## Packaging Information

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(1) The marketing status values are defined as follows:

**ACTIVE:** Product device recommended for new designs.

**LIFEBUY:** TI has announced that the device will be discontinued, and a lifetime-buy period is in effect.

**NRND:** Not recommended for new designs. Device is in production to support existing customers, but TI does not recommend using this part in a new design.

**PREVIEW:** Device has been announced but is not in production. Samples may or may not be available.

**OBSOLETE:** TI has discontinued the production of the device.

(2) Eco Plan - The planned eco-friendly classification: Pb-Free (RoHS), Pb-Free (RoHS Exempt), or Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br) - please check [http://www.ti.com/productcontent](http://www.ti.com/productcontent) for the latest availability information and additional product content details.

**TBD:** The Pb-Free/Green conversion plan has not been defined.

**Pb-Free (RoHS):** TI's terms "Lead-Free" or "Pb-Free" mean semiconductor products that are compatible with the current RoHS requirements for all 6 substances, including the requirement that lead not exceed 0.1% by weight in homogeneous materials. Where designed to be soldered at high temperatures, TI Pb-Free products are suitable for use in specified lead-free processes.

**Pb-Free (RoHS Exempt):** This component has a RoHS exemption for either 1) lead-based flip-chip solder bumps used between the die and package, or 2) lead-based die adhesive used between the die and leadframe. The component is otherwise considered Pb-Free (RoHS compatible) as defined above.

**Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br):** TI defines "Green" to mean Pb-Free (RoHS compatible), and free of Bromine (Br) and Antimony (Sb) based flame retardants (Br or Sb do not exceed 0.1% by weight in homogeneous material)

(3) MSL, Peak Temp. -- The Moisture Sensitivity Level rating according to the JEDEC industry standard classifications, and peak solder temperature.

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