

# ME 360: FUNDAMENTALS OF SIGNAL PROCESSING, INSTRUMENTATION, AND CONTROL

## Experiment No. 3 Noise Reduction Techniques, Instrumentation Amplifiers, and Strain Gage Measurements Data Sheet

### 5.1 EFFECT OF SHIELDING ON ELECTROMAGNETICALLY COUPLED NOISE

Shield	Peak-to-peak Noise Level	
	Normal	Close to AC Power Cord
Ungrounded		
Grounded		

**Observations:**

### 5.2 EFFECT OF CONDUCTOR TWISTING ON INDUCTIVELY COUPLED NOISE

Loop	Peak-to-peak Noise Level
Untwisted	
Twisted	

**Observations:**

**5.3 INSTRUMENTATION AMPLIFIER GAIN, COMMON MODE GAIN, AND OFFSET**

<b>Amplifier Offset Voltage Measurement (<math>V_+ = V_- = 0</math>)</b>			
Offset Voltage [V] = $V_{\text{offset}} = V_{\text{out}}$			
<b>Amplifier Common Mode Gain and CMRR (<math>V_+ = V_- = 5</math> V)</b>			
Input Voltage $V_{\text{in}}$ [V]			
Output Voltage (5-V supply off) $V_{\text{off}}$ [V]			
Output Voltage (5-V supply on) $V_{\text{on}}$ [V]			
Common Mode Gain [-] = $G_{\text{CM}} = (V_{\text{on}} - V_{\text{off}}) / V_{\text{in}}$			
CMRR [dB] = $20 \log_{10} (G / G_{\text{CM}})$			
Gain Resistor $R_G$ [ $\Omega$ ]		$G_{\text{calc}} = 1 + 49.4 \text{ k}\Omega / R_G$	
<b>Amplifier Normal Mode Gain (sinusoid with 0.1 <math>V_{\text{p-p}}</math> amplitude and 0 VDC offset)</b>			
Input RMS $V_{\text{rms,in}}$ [V]		Output RMS $V_{\text{rms,out}}$ [V]	
RMS Normal Mode Gain [-] = $G_{\text{rms}} = (V_{\text{rms,out}} - V_{\text{offset}}) / (V_{\text{rms,in}})$			
Calculated Gain Error = $100 \% (G_{\text{calc}} - G_{\text{rms}}) / G_{\text{rms}}$			
<b>Typical and Maximum Values from AD620AN Specification Sheet</b>			
Typical Gain Error ( $G = 1$ ) [%]		Maximum Gain Error ( $G = 1$ ) [%]	
Typical Output Offset ( $\pm 15$ V) [ $\mu\text{V}$ ]		Maximum Output Offset ( $\pm 15$ V) [ $\mu\text{V}$ ]	
Typical CMRR ( $G = 1$ ) [dB]		Minimum CMRR ( $G = 1$ ) [dB]	

**Observations:**

### 5.4 NATURAL FREQUENCY AND DAMPING RATIO OF VIBRATING BEAM

Geometric Properties of Beam and Calculation of Natural Frequency			
Length L [m]		Diameter D [m]	0.0127
Density $\rho$ [kg/m <sup>3</sup> ]	2700	Modulus E [Pa]	$6.9 \times 10^{10}$
Calculated Natural Frequency [rad/s] = $\omega_{n,calc} = 0.14 \frac{D}{L^2} \sqrt{\frac{E}{\rho}} 2\pi$			

Measured Natural Frequency and Damping Ratio			
First Chosen Peak Voltage $V_1$ [mV]		Second Chosen Peak Voltage $V_2$ [mV]	
First Chosen Peak Time $t_1$ [ms]		Second Chosen Peak Time $t_2$ [ms]	
Cursor $\Delta t$ [ms]		Cursor frequency $f_{cursor}$ [Hz]	
N = Number of Periods between chosen Peaks			
Measured Damped Natural Frequency [rad/s] $\omega_d$			
Damping Ratio $\zeta$			
Measured Natural Frequency [rad/s] $\omega_n$			
Calculated-Measured Difference [%] = $100 \% \times \frac{\omega_{n,calc} - \omega_{n,meas}}{\omega_{n,meas}}$			

**Observations:**