

ME360: FUNDAMENTALS OF SIGNAL PROCESSING, INSTRUMENTATION AND CONTROL

Laboratory No. 7 – PID Control and the Parker-Hannifin Hydraulic Station Data Sheet

PID control of a hydraulic piston-cylinder assembly

In the table below, indicate the effects (increase, decrease, or same) of the proportional gain K_p , integral gain K_i , and derivative gain K_d on the rise time, settling time, overshoot and steady-state error in the response. (25 pts.)

	Rise Time	Settling Time	Overshoot	Steady-state Error
Proportional Gain (K_p)				
Integral Gain (K_i)				
Derivative Gain (K_d)				

Is there an upper limit on K_p above which the control has an adverse effect on the system's response? If yes, describe the adverse effect and give the upper limit value for K_p . (5 pts.)

Record the PID gains to achieve $e_{ss} = 0$, $\%OS = 0\%$, $t_r \approx 1.5$ s. Sketch/Plot the actual and desired response and indicate the s.s. error, overshoot (if any), rise time and settling time on your sketch. (20 pts.)

Record the PID gains to achieve $e_{ss} = 0$, $\%OS = 1\%$, $3.0 \leq t_r \leq 4.0$ s. Sketch the actual and desired response and indicate the s.s. error, overshoot (if any), rise time and settling time on your sketch. (20 pts.)