## **Prelaboratory Exercise 1**

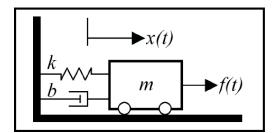
## **Objective**

In this Prelab you will complete the first two steps required to simulate a system using Simulink:

- 1. Write the governing equation(s) of a system.
- 2. Draw the block diagram representing the system dynamics on paper.

## **Assignment**

We will consider two systems (shown in Figures 1 and 2). During Lab 1, you will use your results from this Prelab to build and run simulations in Simulink. Complete the following questions in the space provided.

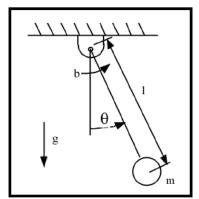


System Parameters	
m = 1 kg	$b = 2\frac{N}{m-s}$
$k = 40 \frac{N}{m}$	$x(0) = 0.1 \mathrm{m}$
$\dot{x}(0) = 0 \frac{m}{s}$	f(t) = 0

Figure 1: A mass-spring-damper system

**1.** Derive the equation(s) of motion for the mass-spring-damper system pictured in Figure 1. Use the system parameter values provided above.

**2.** From the equation(s) of motion, a block diagram for the system can be drawn. *Hint*: Begin by rearranging the expression you derived in Question 1 such that you express the highest derivative term as a function of the lower derivate terms.



## System Parameters

$$m = 8kg \qquad b = 2\frac{N \cdot m}{rad/s}$$

$$l = 25 cm \qquad \theta(0) = \frac{1}{2}\pi \ rad$$

$$g = 9.804 \frac{m}{2} \qquad \dot{\theta}(0) = 0 \frac{rad}{s}$$

Figure 2: A pendulum with viscous damping.

**3.** Derive the equation(s) of motion for the pendulum with viscous damping shown in Figure 2. Use the system parameter values provided above

**4.** Draw a block diagram for the equation(s) of motion you derived in Question 3. Assume that you are provided with a nonlinear block which can evaluate trigonometric functions.

**5.** Linearize the equation(s) of motion you derived in Question 3 for small  $\theta$ .